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Administration

Administrative and
program operation of the...

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ADMINISTRATIVE AND PROGRAM OPERATION
OF THE
NATIONAL YOUTH ADMINISTRATION

June 26, 1935 - January 1, 1937



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Box 403

AUBREY WILLIAMS, Executive Director
National Youth Administration

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section I.—Narrative statement

	Page
Statement of objectives; allocations for operation of the program.....	1
✓ Administrative.....	2
Committees.....	2
The program in operation:	
Student aid.....	3
N. Y. A. Works Program.....	4
Table of employment and earnings on projects operated by the N. Y. A., January 1936 through December 1936.....	5
Total estimated youth employment by work activities by ap- proved work projects.....	6
Community organization.....	8
✓ Vocational guidance and placement.....	8
Apprentice training.....	10
Educational camps for unemployed young women.....	11

Section II.—Tabulations and tables

Status of N. Y. A. funds by States, 1935 Emergency Relief Act as of December 31, 1936:	
Table I. Allocations: Student aid and Works Programs.....	15
Table II. Obligations: Student aid and Works Programs.....	16
Status of N. Y. A. funds by States, 1936 Emergency Relief Act as of December 31, 1936:	
Table III. Allocations: Student aid and Works Programs.....	17
Table IV. Obligations: Student aid and Works Programs.....	18
Table V. Recapitulation of status of N. Y. A. funds, 1935 and 1936 Emergency Relief Acts.....	18
Table VI. January 1937, national office expense.....	19
Table VII. January 1937, administrative budget to States.....	19
Table VIII. Employment and earnings on student aid projects operated by N. Y. A., by States, September 1935.....	20
Table IX. Employment and earnings on student aid projects operated by N. Y. A., by States, January 1936.....	22
Table X. Employment and earnings on student aid projects operated by N. Y. A., by States, April 1936.....	24
Table XI. Employment and earnings on student aid projects and work projects operated by the N. Y. A., by States, November 1936.....	26
Table XII. Employment and earnings on student aid projects and work projects operated by the N. Y. A., by States, December 1936.....	30

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SECTION I

NATIONAL YOUTH ADMINISTRATION

President Roosevelt created the National Youth Administration by Executive Order No. 7086 on June 26, 1935, as a division of the Works Progress Administration. The major objectives of the National Youth Administration are as follows:

1. To provide funds for the part-time employment of needy school, college, and graduate students between 16 and 25 years of age so that they can continue their education.
2. To provide funds for the part-time employment on work projects of young persons, chiefly from relief families, between 18 and 25 years of age—the projects being designed not only to give these young people valuable work experience, but to benefit youth generally and the communities in which they live.
3. To encourage the establishment of job training, counseling, and placement services for youth.
4. To encourage the development and extension of constructive leisure-time activities.

As of December 31, 1936, the National Youth Administration had received net allocations of \$43,806,268 from funds made available by the Emergency Relief Act of 1935. These funds were for the operation of the program to June 30, 1936, and included \$1,500,000 for administrative purposes, \$25,106,268 for the Student-aid Program, and \$17,200,000 for the youth Works Program. In connection with these funds it should be pointed out that the Student-aid Program was operated on the basis of an academic year of 9 monthly payments, while the youth Works Program of last year was in operation for only 6 months, from January to June 30, 1936. This year's program has been planned for a 9 months' Student-aid Program and a 12 months' youth Works Program in accordance with the Emergency Relief Act of 1936 which fixed \$71,250,000 as the maximum appropriation to the National Youth Administration for the year ending June 30, 1937. At the present time, \$33,501,239 has been allocated to the States for the operation of the Student-aid and Works Program for the first 6 months of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1937, of which \$12,900,000 is for 4 months' operation of the Student-aid Program, and \$20,601,239 for the first 6 months' operation of the Works Program.

(Tables I to V give allocations and obligations by States for the student-aid and works program under the Emergency Relief Act of 1935 and the Emergency Relief Act of 1936, sec. II, pp. 15-18.)

Administrative.—The National Youth Administration was placed under the general supervision of the Administrator of the Works Progress Administration, and Mr. Aubrey Williams, Deputy Administrator of the Works Progress Administration, was named executive director.

The national office is small with a total staff of 86, which includes the personnel of the Federal Committee on Apprentice Training. The yearly budget for the national office is at present \$233,523, which is a monthly average of \$19,460.25.

(See table VI for January 1937, national office expense, sec. II, p. 19.)

The policy of the National Youth Administration has been to operate with the smallest possible overhead and the least amount of centralized control consistent with efficient administration. For this reason, the National Youth Administration has worked through already existing agencies wherever possible; and in accordance with this policy, youth administrations have been set up in each State, the District of Columbia, and New York City. For the purpose of extending the Student-aid Program, administrations have been set up in Alaska, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico.

(See table VII for State administrative expenses, sec. II, p. 19, which indicates administrative costs for each State youth administration for month of January 1937.)

Committees.—The President, by Executive order, appointed an Executive Committee and a National Advisory Committee, the members of which are representatives of labor, business, agriculture, education, and youth. Miss Josephine Roche is chairman of the Executive Committee. Mr. Charles W. Taussig is chairman of the National Advisory Committee.

As a part of the State administrative organization, State and local advisory committees have been formed, whose volunteer services have been relied upon to develop the youth program and auxiliary services most adaptable to a given locality. In 47 States and the District of Columbia, State advisory committees have been appointed, composed of 532 men and women representing labor, business, agriculture, education, youth, and other group organizations. Over 2,000 local committees have been formed with a total membership of about 25,000.

The program in operation.—The objectives of the National Youth Administration have been sought through five major programs—student aid, works program for out-of-school youth, vocational guidance and placement, apprentice training, and educational camps for

unemployed young women. During the first year of operation, the National Youth Administration reached in the peak month approximately 600,000 young people, and indirectly, a number estimated at between two and three million.

Student aid.—The Student-aid Program includes students between the ages of 16 and 25 attending secondary, undergraduate, and graduate schools. All nonprofit making, tax exempt educational institutions are eligible to institute programs of student aid and are granted quotas based on percentages of their regular enrollment. The school officials have the authority for selecting the students to be helped and for devising and supervising the work upon which these students are engaged. The only stipulations imposed by the National Youth Administration are that student-aid recipients shall be selected on the basis of need; that they shall carry at least three-quarters of a normal course of study; and that the work they perform shall be genuinely useful and not displace any of the school's regular employees.

Wages in the form of regular United States Treasury checks are paid directly to the students on the basis of time reports furnished by the school officials. While the hourly rates of pay vary from one locality to another, maximum monthly benefits are uniform. Students in secondary schools may earn a maximum of \$6 a month; college students, a maximum of \$20 a month; and graduates, a maximum of \$40 a month. Although these wages seldom are sufficient to meet a student's total educational expenses, they have prevented in thousands of cases the untimely ending of educational careers of young persons in low-income families. The National Youth Administration has provided the added income necessary for subsistence on the campus, for the purchase of text-books and supplies, for carfare and lunches, and even for small items of clothing. In fact, the Office of Education reported in 1935 that the average \$15 monthly wage was sufficient to cover the cost of a student's room and board in 20 percent of the participating colleges.

The sum of \$25,106,268 was allocated for the Student-aid Program for the academic school year of 9 months ending June 1936. The total obligations for this year amounted to \$24,052,000. The sum of \$12,900,000 has been allocated for the first 4 months' Student-aid Program of the academic year 1936-37.

(See tables I-V, sec. II, pp. 15-18.)

Work is required of all student-aid recipients and the experience thus acquired has in many cases proved as valuable as the wages earned. Clerical and office work; library, museum, and laboratory assistance; the conducting of forums, adult education classes, and other civic services; special research; grounds and building maintenance are among the types of work found for students to perform. In the case of college and graduate students a special effort is made to

assign them to tasks consistent with the courses of study being followed, thus giving practical application to the theory of the classroom.

In the month in which the student-aid activities were most extended (April 1936) a total of 404,732 secondary-school, college, and graduate students were employed. This number included 219,542 male and 185,190 female students. Of the total number, 275,337 were secondary-school students, earning an average wage of \$5.45 for the month; 122,675 were undergraduate college students, earning an average of \$12.69 for the month; and 6,720 were graduate students, earning an average of \$19.25 for the month. The majority of eligible schools, colleges, and graduate schools in the United States participated in the program; and in the same month of April 1936, this number comprised 17,999 secondary schools, 1,593 colleges, and 224 graduate schools. The Student-aid Program, which has now been extended to Puerto Rico, Hawaii, and Alaska, will operate at about the same level as it did last year except that increases have been made in States seriously affected by the drought.

(Tables VIII to XII, pp. 20-32 for the months of September 1935; January and April 1936; November and December 1936, give a picture by States of the number of schools, the number of students, total earnings, and average monthly earnings for the school-, college-, and graduate-aid program.)

N. Y. A. Works Program.—Funds were first made available in November 1935 for the development of work projects for the employment of young men and women between 16 and 25 years of age, out of school and members of families certified for employment to the Works Progress Administration. The sum of \$17,200,000 was authorized for the Works Program for its operation to June 30, 1936. Approximately \$40,000,000 has been set aside for the employment of young people between 18 and 25 years of age on the Works Program of the National Youth Administration during the year ending June 30, 1937. Eligibility for work on projects now includes young people from families eligible to receive any form of public assistance. The sum of \$20,601,239 has been allocated for the operation of the first 6 months' Works Program.

(See tables I to V, sec. II, pp 15-18, for allocations and obligations by States.)

The work projects for youth were under way in January 1936. From then on, there was a rapid increase in the number employed each month, the maximum number employed in any one month being 182,477.

The table which follows shows employment and earnings on National Youth Administration projects through December 1936. A balanced distribution of work activities to the sexes is indicated, as the number of young women employed steadily increased from 39 percent in

January to 49 percent in December. Young people certified in need of relief have averaged 95 percent of the total number employed since the beginning of the Works Program. The average wage earned by youths on projects was \$15.49 for one-third time and pay during this period.

(See tables XI and XII, sec. II, pp. 26-33, for November and December 1936, employment on National Youth Administration projects by States, total earnings, and average earnings.)

A review of projects developed in the various States indicates that there has been maintained a definite relationship between the type of project developed and the factors affecting the achievement of a balanced youth program in each community. Since projects were designed to provide legitimate jobs for youth in activities which would be useful to the community—particularly in enlarging its services to youth—consideration has been given to the employment of the proper relative number of urban and rural youth on the program, the proper relative number of white youth, colored youth, and other special youth groups such as Mexican and Spanish-American, and the proper relative number of young men and young women.

Employment and earnings on projects operated by the National Youth Administration, January through December 1936

[Subject to revision]

Month	Number of projects	Total	Males	Females	Certified as in need of relief	Nonrelief	Total earnings	Average wage
1936								
January	1,110	15,681	9,539	6,142	14,858	823	\$171,367	\$10.39
February	4,164	76,698	46,531	30,137	73,217	3,481	1,027,458	12.40
March	5,863	168,271	98,802	69,589	158,729	9,542	2,120,303	12.80
April	6,616	180,353	105,229	75,124	173,129	7,224	2,890,442	16.03
May	5,781	177,552	99,534	78,028	164,315	17,383	2,894,520	16.13
June	5,494	182,477	99,823	82,654	168,172	17,307	3,028,435	16.16
July	4,923	164,373	88,133	76,240	150,961	18,072	2,561,683	15.58
August	3,576	155,430	82,391	72,839	140,730	17,432	2,493,496	16.04
September	3,330	164,908	86,647	78,321	149,367	17,475	2,721,171	16.50
October	3,485	164,428	84,677	79,751	148,199	17,227	2,781,832	16.91
November		167,239	84,269	82,945	152,681	17,722	2,900,441	17.46
December		175,672	88,483	85,189	157,689	17,787	3,021,431	17.39

¹ Data for New York City not available.

Projects in different communities are related so far as possible to the training, work experience, skills, and aptitudes of qualified youths. They are being operated in close cooperation with existing local groups conversant with the community's needs and with other governmental programs so that National Youth Administration projects supplement and do not duplicate or conflict with other youth services throughout the country.

Nearly 50 percent of youth reporting for work on National Youth Administration projects have had no previous work experience, and

an encouraging outgrowth of the works program of the National Youth Administration has been the number of youths who have been rehabilitated and placed in private employment and the number who, as a result of their employment, have returned to school for further education and training.

The average estimated turn-over of youths employed on National Youth Administration projects has been about 10 percent every 5 weeks so that up to the present time more than 100,000 youths have passed through the Works Program to school, private employment, or some other more permanent relationship. It is significant that in general youths are not staying on indefinitely on National Youth Administration projects.

A recent analysis of approved work projects was undertaken to determine approximately the relative number of youths assigned to assist in various types of socially useful activities. Approximately 24 percent of the total of 180,703 assigned to projects were at work on recreation and youth community service projects. Of the number employed under projects of this type, a minority were engaged in direct leadership service to the community. The majority assisted adult leaders in various ways—qualified, responsible youths only being used for leadership. About 10 percent were assigned to construction projects which give an opportunity to acquire skills in trades, such as carpentering and bricklaying. About 14 percent of the youths were assigned to public-service projects which involved work in governmental and public institutional offices and other types of community service, which made possible the training of these youths in a wide range of clerical work, as well as acquainting them with the operation of governmental and public services. The table which follows shows the number assigned to 17 types of work activities:

Total estimated youth employment by work activities by approved work projects

Types of work activities:	Number of youths
1. Recreation and youth community service.....	43,497
2. Library service.....	7,730
3. Training in public service.....	26,189
4. Domestic science.....	7,447
5. Sewing.....	10,052
6. Research.....	1,462
7. Manual crafts.....	7,791
8. Arts.....	3,199
9. Information.....	2,173
10. Exhibits.....	577
11. Guide service.....	22
12. Agriculture.....	7,404
13. Building, construction and renovation.....	18,149

Total estimated youth employment by work activities by approved work projects—Continued

Types of work activities—Continued.	Number of youths
14. Land development.....	30,076
15. Highway beautification.....	4,674
16. Visual aid.....	798
17. Miscellaneous training.....	963
Total.....	180,703

¹ This total includes 8,500 young people in Oklahoma, who are not classified.

A very careful analysis of the Works Program is being made to the end that the type of work which a youth does on a National Youth Administration project may bear definite relationship to future employment and to the work opportunities in his community. Particular emphasis is now being given to the development of construction projects to develop these skills in youths which are most in demand in industry at the present time. In the employment of rural youths, special efforts are being made to develop projects contributing to soil conservation, such as terracing of land, construction of earth dams, small ponds, lakes, etc., in cooperation with the United States Department of Agriculture.

Physical facilities for recreation—parks, playgrounds, community centers, etc., which civic budgets had permitted to deteriorate or failed to provide—have been rebuilt and enlarged. Hundreds of parks and playgrounds have been improved or developed, and thousands of units of playground equipment have been produced in workshops with National Youth Administration labor. Community centers have been created or revitalized in many localities. Social and athletic activities have been supplemented with handicraft classes; drama, art, music, and literary groups have been organized. Forums and round-table discussions have opened new horizons to intellectuals of youths from families existing on substandard wages. Library and book repair projects have supplied thousands of people living in rural areas with reading material. By the addition of N. Y. A. workers to regular library staffs, libraries in many cities have been enabled to broaden their usefulness. Several States have instituted traveling and circulating library projects to remote communities where no library facilities have existed before. National Youth Administration workers have repaired books, salvaged abused and discarded volumes and placed them again in circulation.

The Works Program of the National Youth Administration may be proud of the contributions it has made to the creation and maintenance of employability on the part of youths who are out of school and out of work. It has helped them obtain the necessary work experience and brings them in touch with work opportunities in private industry.

Community organization.—The success of the National Youth Administration has been largely dependent upon the excellent response from organizations and agencies, both nationally and locally, which have cooperated in furthering services to youth under the National Youth Administration program. Public agencies have cosponsored projects and private agencies have opened their facilities to increase and expand recreational training and opportunities to youths. Some 150 national organizations and over 300 local organizations have been contacted and are working cooperatively on the program. There is every evidence that a lasting contribution will result from the awakening of the communities' consciousness to the needs and problems of its youth.

An index of national organizations working in behalf of youth is being prepared; and a manual for distribution to all workers and youth organizations which will contain a bibliography of all available Government material regarding occupations and recreational activities as well as other pertinent facts of general information relative to the organization of youth groups is also in preparation.

Vocational guidance and placement.—Vocational guidance is recognized by all educational authorities as an essential service to youth in the present complexity of society, but it has been made available in only a limited number of the larger and more progressive schools. For those who have left school, especially those large numbers who drop out before graduation from a secondary school, there is practically nothing. The National Youth Administration has attempted to meet this need through its vocational guidance and placement service, making such service available to those thousands of youths who have passed beyond the classroom and have come to grips with the problem of making a living.

Some activity of this sort is in evidence in nearly every State, the program being shaped to the needs peculiar to the various communities. Most commonly the work consists of furnishing occupational information about the various fields of work which are open to the youth of the community, giving an outline of the training requirement, the pay and promotional possibilities, and the relative availability of jobs. This is done sometimes through classes for out-of-school youth which meet in school buildings, churches, community centers, or the quarters of various social agencies. It is done sometimes through the preparation of pamphlets which are given wide distribution among young people and the agencies serving them. In a few cities where technical assistance can be obtained from cooperating sponsors, individual guidance bureaus have been set up where the young job seekers' talents and preferences are analyzed and information is given him about possible lines of employment and training. Through these efforts thousands of young people are being advised

about vocations for which they are intellectually and temperamentally suited and a corresponding number of future misfits averted.

Job counseling is a fruitless effort, however, if there are no jobs for the counseled to fill. Accordingly, a service of equal importance—a junior placement service—has been established to parallel the work in vocational guidance. Under this program junior placement counselors, paid by the National Youth Administration, have been placed on the staffs of public employment offices in 46 cities in 20 States of the country. Their function is to receive the applications of job seekers between 16 and 25 years of age, whether connected with the National Youth Administration or not, to gauge their experience and abilities, and to search out the jobs for which they are fitted.

The sum of \$61,847.50 was authorized from January to June 30, 1936, during which period 25 offices in 10 States were established. The sum of \$200,000 has been designated for the year ending June 30, 1937, and the number of junior placement offices has increased from 25 to 46, as listed below:

Alabama: Birmingham.	Kentucky: Louisville.
Arkansas: Little Rock.	Louisiana: New Orleans.
California: Los Angeles, San Francisco.	Massachusetts: Boston, Springfield, Worcester.
Connecticut: Bridgeport, Hartford, New Haven.	Michigan: Detroit.
District of Columbia.	Nebraska: Omaha.
Florida: Jacksonville, Miami, Tampa.	New Hampshire: Concord, Manchester, Nashua.
Illinois: Chicago, Danville, Decatur, East St. Louis, Joliet, Rockford, Springfield.	New York: New York City (Bronx and Brooklyn).
Indiana: Indianapolis.	North Carolina: Charlotte, Durham.
Iowa: Cedar Rapids, Council Bluffs, Davenport, Des Moines, Dubuque, Fort Dodge, Sioux City, Waterloo.	Oklahoma: Oklahoma City, Tulsa.
	Rhode Island: Providence.
	Texas: Fort Worth, Dallas, Houston.

These offices have been in operation for varying periods of 2 to 8 months and the resulting figures show at the end of December, 1936 that—

65,701 different young people have registered;
24,941 have been placed at jobs in private industry;
16,448 employers have been personally visited and solicited for jobs.

It should be noted that these results have been accomplished from the limited funds available in the national administrative Budget. Pending location in private employment, an opportunity for work is given youths at public expense that will keep them from idleness and provide a try-out experience.

Apprentice training.—In line with a program for youth, the National Youth Administration has cooperated with and paid the administrative expenses of the Federal Committee on Apprentice Training. This Committee came into existence during the National Recovery Act with the principal objective of encouraging employers and employees to provide as many young men and women with opportunities to learn a skilled trade, under conditions providing broad training and satisfactory wages, as the trades can be expected to absorb into employment upon completion of the training period. The allotment of funds during the past year was \$53,311, and a budget for the same amount has been approved for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1937. The salary and travel expense cost from February 1, 1936, to November 1, 1936, was \$35,498.07, an average of \$3,944.23 per month, or at the rate of \$47,330.76 per annum.

There are 42 State apprentice committees and two States—Oregon and Wisconsin—have apprenticeship agencies established by State laws. Cooperating State apprentice committees consist of equal representation from employers and employees and a representative from the State labor department, State employment service, State vocational school system, and the State director of the National Youth Administration.

There are 150 local trade apprentice committees. These committees are joint agencies set up by local employers' and employees' organizations for the promotion and administration of local trade apprentice programs. Experience has demonstrated that the development and education of such local agencies is the most effective means for the achievement of results. The Federal Committee has recommended that every possible effort be made to assist in the setting up of such local administrative agencies.

The Apprentice Training Committee has had 60 local apprentice training plans adopted, 956 apprentices indentured, and 1,892 estimated to be indentured within a short period of time. A number of other programs have been established which have incorporated many of the standards of the Federal Committee, but have not been accepted in full.

The staff of the Federal Committee through field contacts and correspondence is frequently called upon to furnish advice and assistance on the conduct of apprenticeship programs. Many of these have not, so far, seen their way clear to accept in full the standards recommended by the Federal Committee. However, the requested assistance is given freely. It is recognized that every new apprentice training program started under fair standards and every improvement made in existing programs is a definite aid to the youth employed under these programs.

At the meeting of the American Federation of Labor held in Tampa, Fla., in November 1936, the following resolution was passed:

Whereas the Federal Committee on Apprentice Training has been set up by the United States Government to foster and promote indentured apprenticeship in the skilled trades throughout the country;

Whereas labor and management are equally represented on this Committee and on State committees appointed in the various States to develop indentured apprenticeship in cooperation with the Federal Committee;

Whereas acceptable standards for the protection of apprentices have been developed by the Federal Committee and adopted by the various State agencies;

Whereas the Federal Committee has advanced the indenture principle of apprenticeship by securing the adoption of national standards through whole industries, such as plumbing in which the United Association of Journeymen Plumbers and Steamfitters of the United States and Canada and the National Association of Master Plumbers have each officially endorsed a detailed plan outlining standards, methods, and procedures, and a similar plan has been developed for the painting and decorating industry;

Whereas the Federal Committee has strengthened apprenticeship by getting recommended standards adopted by national trade associations, international unions, and State and local public agencies, and this has resulted in improved working conditions and training of youth for entrance into the skilled trades;

Whereas State and local trade advisory committees upon which labor and management are equally represented have been established to determine the rules and regulations under which apprenticeship shall be conducted, such as wages, hours, quotas, length of apprenticeship, content of schedule of processes, and amount of related instruction;

Whereas the representatives of organized labor have actively participated in every phase of the program, and several State federations of labor and international unions have officially endorsed it;

Whereas one of the objectives of the American Federation of Labor has been to develop indentured apprenticeship in the organized trades based on the assumption that fair wage levels and working conditions can be maintained only by preventing the over-supply of untrained mechanics and the development of a reasonable supply of skilled mechanics: Therefore, in view of the fact that this program is based on sound American policies, be it

Resolved, That the American Federation of Labor endorse the policy and program of the Federal Committee on Apprentice Training and recommend that the program be expanded; be it further

Resolved, That the Congress of the United States be urged to appropriate sufficient funds to the United States Labor Department to carry on the activities of the Federal Committee; and be it further

Resolved, That State Federations of Labor be urged to take an active interest in the passage of State apprentice laws to safeguard the standards of apprentice training laid down in the Federal program.

Camps for unemployed young women.—For the year 1936-37 the Division of Educational Camps of the National Youth Administration was created. Fifty camps are expected to be established at a total cost not to exceed \$1,166,000. The average expenditure for each camp will be \$3,330 a month during the period of operation.

The purpose of these resident undertakings is not only to reestablish the morale of these girls who have grown to young womanhood in a

period of family and community dejection, but to teach them by practice and experience the responsibilities of living in a democracy. In the course of living together they come to respect the rights of others and through representative student government and concern for the behavior of the camp as a whole, they develop a sense of responsibility which can later be directed to their personal lives and their home communities. On return home the girls are assisted in obtaining employment either on Youth Administration projects or in private industry through the public employment office.

The 1936-37 undertaking is a part of the Works Program. In every camp the girls are engaged in useful employment, in addition to camp maintenance, and earn their subsistence and \$5 in cash each month. The work, whether it is the making of hospital supplies, recreation equipment, or labor in tree nurseries, becomes part of the educational program and is discussed in terms of material and human conservation. The camps are to be open throughout the year with camp terms of 3 or 4 months for each girl. The monthly cost per girl averages approximately \$40. This low cost is accomplished by using camps or school buildings which can be had at a nominal rent and by securing a number of staff members who are already engaged on a work project and can be transferred to this undertaking. The cost is also kept low because a large number of girls, from eighty to a hundred, is in attendance at each camp.

On January 1, 1937, 20 camps had been authorized in 16 States. There were about 1,200 young women enrolled in these camps on the opening dates. Requests which have come from the State youth directors thus far will soon complete the quota of 50 camps for this year's program. The establishment of a camp in each instance is a response to popular sentiment in the community. The camp program will bring work, recreation, education, and new opportunities in their home communities to approximately 5,000 young women during this year.

NATIONAL YOUTH ADMINISTRATION

Section II

TABULATIONS AND TABLES

TABLE I.—Status of N. Y. A. funds by States, 1935 Emergency Relief Act, Dec. 31, 1936

[Warrants issued]

ALLOCATIONS BY THE PRESIDENT

States	Student aid	Works program	Total
Alabama.....	\$353,661.00	\$253,200	\$606,861.00
Arizona.....	117,052.00	91,800	208,852.00
Arkansas.....	296,211.00	278,100	574,311.00
California.....	1,487,015.00	649,500	2,136,515.00
Colorado.....	334,210.00	203,500	537,710.00
Connecticut.....	219,600.00	200,400	419,000.00
Delaware.....	22,063.00	14,450	36,513.00
Florida.....	281,082.00	205,500	486,582.00
Georgia.....	142,394.00	303,000	445,394.00
Idaho.....	152,284.00	71,800	224,084.00
Illinois.....	1,541,176.00	713,133	2,254,309.00
Indiana.....	620,632.76	494,000	1,114,632.76
Iowa.....	501,133.00	164,000	665,133.00
Kansas.....	520,223.00	419,500	939,723.00
Kentucky.....	553,947.00	333,400	1,097,347.00
Louisiana.....	340,598.00	252,800	593,398.00
Maine.....	107,918.00	82,950	190,868.00
Maryland.....	247,561.00	132,807	380,368.00
Massachusetts.....	625,554.00	613,000	1,238,554.00
Michigan.....	896,280.00	700,000	1,596,280.00
Minnesota.....	396,027.00	418,673	1,014,700.00
Mississippi.....	287,277.00	183,600	470,877.00
Missouri.....	652,702.00	462,500	1,115,202.00
Montana.....	170,592.00	115,000	285,592.00
Nebraska.....	310,312.00	167,000	477,312.00
Nevada.....	16,972.00	5,300	22,272.00
New Hampshire.....	79,878.00	45,400	125,278.00
New Jersey.....	482,238.00	501,842	984,080.00
New Mexico.....	102,888.00	136,000	238,888.00
New York City.....	1,488,511.00	847,100	2,335,611.00
New York State.....	1,003,620.00	755,000	1,758,620.00
North Carolina.....	333,461.00	146,803	480,264.00
North Dakota.....	223,613.00	217,300	440,913.00
Ohio.....	1,333,338.00	945,250	2,278,588.00
Oklahoma.....	735,752.00	504,700	1,240,452.00
Oregon.....	207,101.00	84,800	291,901.00
Pennsylvania.....	2,050,856.00	1,675,500	3,726,356.00
Rhode Island.....	123,556.00	76,800	200,356.00
South Carolina.....	350,452.00	279,522	629,974.00
South Dakota.....	283,653.00	287,400	571,053.00
Tennessee.....	523,778.00	317,719	841,497.00
Texas.....	1,136,163.00	712,000	1,848,163.00
Utah.....	221,450.00	111,600	333,050.00
Vermont.....	65,947.00	26,000	91,947.00
Virginia.....	425,654.00	235,500	661,154.00
Washington.....	403,991.80	211,100	615,091.80
West Virginia.....	413,463.00	444,400	857,863.00
Wisconsin.....	671,078.00	484,500	1,155,578.00
Wyoming.....	42,898.00	36,250	79,148.00
District of Columbia.....	122,224.00	31,000	153,224.00
Total United States.....	24,818,743.58	16,918,268	41,737,011.58
Not allocated.....	287,522.44	287,634	575,156.44
Grand total.....	25,106,266.00	17,205,902	42,312,168.00

* \$1,000,000 was allocated for administrative purposes; total allocations—\$43,800,268.

TABLE II.—Status of N. Y. A. funds by States, 1935 Emergency Relief Act, Dec. 31, 1936

States	OBLIGATIONS		
	Student aid	Works program	Total
Alabama	\$340,636.50	\$211,372.76	\$552,009.26
Arizona	115,916.32	58,410.82	174,327.14
Arkansas	285,461.76	221,076.01	506,537.77
California	1,486,428.29	614,778.02	2,101,207.01
Colorado	332,548.55	196,427.45	529,976.00
Connecticut	195,595.77	190,263.63	385,859.40
Delaware	20,566.64	13,417.37	33,984.01
Florida	261,008.24	213,415.55	474,423.79
Georgia	541,963.50	288,014.57	830,978.07
Idaho	151,704.20	52,587.66	204,291.86
Illinois	1,503,090.00	657,361.02	2,160,451.02
Indiana	620,632.76	471,493.38	1,092,126.14
Iowa	478,664.51	95,669.69	574,334.20
Kansas	515,174.89	375,406.59	890,581.48
Kentucky	526,723.35	474,964.76	1,001,688.11
Louisiana	346,500.93	188,749.70	535,250.63
Maine	107,871.18	77,399.68	185,270.86
Maryland	254,967.89	55,703.04	310,670.93
Massachusetts	600,611.88	578,222.64	1,178,834.52
Michigan	545,050.29	680,571.42	1,225,621.71
Minnesota	593,647.69	387,223.39	980,871.08
Mississippi	285,625.38	180,176.43	465,801.81
Missouri	628,298.38	892,430.79	1,520,729.17
Montana	167,716.92	100,648.30	268,365.22
Nebraska	300,877.05	153,793.90	454,670.95
Nevada	16,388.37	4,712.70	21,101.07
New Hampshire	72,927.36	45,430.00	118,357.36
New Jersey	422,848.35	456,300.91	879,149.26
New Mexico	102,672.70	132,253.72	234,926.42
New York City	1,437,282.13	783,565.51	2,220,847.64
New York State	545,294.33	678,102.33	1,223,396.66
North Carolina	508,733.75	116,052.29	624,786.04
North Dakota	220,725.54	157,102.76	377,828.30
Ohio	1,281,136.88	854,040.21	2,135,177.09
Oklahoma	707,632.72	427,887.46	1,135,520.18
Oregon	294,695.01	77,941.80	372,636.81
Pennsylvania	1,916,952.27	1,638,243.10	3,555,195.37
Rhode Island	121,598.64	70,899.24	192,497.88
South Carolina	340,228.04	237,338.47	577,566.51
South Dakota	251,774.32	257,574.34	509,348.66
Tennessee	97,982.19	246,245.45	344,227.64
Texas	1,196,428.40	654,363.17	1,850,791.57
Utah	218,492.69	92,401.28	310,893.97
Vermont	64,181.38	25,608.11	89,789.49
Virginia	412,596.65	204,524.53	617,121.18
Washington	403,991.89	136,140.17	540,132.07
West Virginia	410,697.66	389,756.21	800,453.87
Wisconsin	667,837.52	471,493.38	1,139,330.90
Wyoming	45,685.40	31,505.56	77,190.96
District of Columbia	132,583.10	27,979.02	160,562.12
Total, United States	24,062,009.85	15,243,162.71	39,305,172.56

TABLE III.—National Youth Administration funds, by States 1936 Emergency Relief Act, Dec. 31, 1936

States	ALLOCATIONS BY THE PRESIDENT		
	Student aid	Works program	Total
Alabama	\$164,168	\$349,750	\$513,918
Arizona	52,806	69,620	122,426
Arkansas	171,875	373,170	545,045
California	681,295	742,850	1,424,145
Colorado	181,533	253,000	434,533
Connecticut	95,653	201,600	297,253
Delaware	10,161	14,995	25,156
Florida	127,358	305,900	433,258
Georgia	323,741	410,800	734,541
Idaho	66,114	96,352	162,466
Illinois	762,684	1,068,070	1,831,654
Indiana	278,154	488,700	766,854
Iowa	274,067	122,880	396,947
Kansas	334,160	499,270	833,430
Kentucky	324,044	840,150	1,164,194
Louisiana	163,946	222,800	386,746
Maine	56,810	204,880	261,690
Maryland	112,685	99,260	211,945
Massachusetts	322,829	645,650	968,479
Michigan	510,260	718,000	1,228,260
Minnesota	351,141	403,445	754,586
Mississippi	128,592	240,470	369,062
Missouri	437,375	608,620	1,045,995
Montana	110,316	135,440	245,756
Nebraska	199,656	173,410	373,066
Nevada	8,554	7,193	15,747
New Hampshire	44,647	82,320	126,967
New Jersey	243,178	673,220	916,398
New Mexico	106,472	156,475	262,947
New York City	699,929	1,099,450	1,799,379
New York State	459,819	1,039,450	1,519,269
North Carolina	288,212	357,600	645,812
North Dakota	156,618	251,800	408,418
Ohio	1,184,203	1,141,648	2,325,851
Oklahoma	510,978	630,670	1,141,648
Oregon	91,639	88,900	180,539
Pennsylvania	2,041,100	2,940,159	4,981,259
Rhode Island	53,314	103,880	157,194
South Carolina	203,722	351,540	555,262
South Dakota	173,880	330,590	504,470
Tennessee	266,833	343,750	610,583
Texas	612,394	741,800	1,354,194
Utah	85,261	106,330	191,591
Vermont	51,354	31,510	82,864
Washington	270,720	303,550	574,270
West Virginia	173,275	191,490	364,765
Wisconsin	190,037	474,320	664,357
Wyoming	321,596	480,075	801,671
District of Columbia	24,038	37,845	61,883
Alaska	6,291	6,291	12,582
Hawaii	97,119	37,540	134,659
Puerto Rico	34,351	34,351	68,702
Total	12,860,730	20,433,007	33,293,737
Not allocated	30,280	167,332	197,612
Grand total	12,900,000	20,600,339	33,500,339

TABLE IV.—Status of N. Y. A. funds by States, 1936 Emergency Relief Act, Dec. 31, 1936

OBLIGATIONS			
States	Student aid	Works program	Total
Alabama	\$122,250.60	\$297,151.62	\$419,391.22
Arizona	45,969.56	48,175.44	94,145.00
Arkansas	157,544.66	232,189.54	389,734.20
California	515,266.78	415,858.46	931,125.24
Colorado	145,044.68	163,867.31	308,911.94
Connecticut	69,541.92	158,785.80	228,327.72
Delaware	8,857.86	12,062.67	20,920.53
Florida	117,669.59	211,304.94	328,974.53
Georgia	202,401.54	343,505.35	546,196.89
Idaho	53,797.21	83,311.31	137,108.52
Illinois	639,971.12	909,183.14	1,549,154.26
Indiana	267,301.42	367,483.72	634,785.14
Iowa	230,652.80	84,544.46	324,497.26
Kansas	244,873.01	388,509.39	633,382.40
Kentucky	324,039.00	783,003.37	1,107,042.37
Louisiana	145,579.05	181,658.00	327,237.05
Maine	51,601.26	193,318.94	244,920.20
Maryland	54,072.61	146,583.89	200,656.50
Massachusetts	277,943.69	530,502.68	808,446.37
Michigan	379,833.33	538,962.96	918,796.29
Minnesota	285,036.91	372,180.10	657,217.01
Mississippi	69,591.48	150,510.16	220,101.64
Missouri	361,794.65	512,284.92	874,079.57
Montana	98,224.76	104,436.29	202,661.05
Nebraska	185,076.18	128,288.67	313,264.85
Nevada	8,035.65	3,997.50	12,033.15
New Hampshire	27,955.79	53,992.19	81,947.98
New Jersey	290,803.52	610,894.91	901,698.43
New Mexico	45,951.51	136,194.00	182,145.51
New York City	484,905.12	968,143.61	1,453,048.73
New York State	228,383.60	961,947.73	1,190,331.33
North Carolina	213,963.46	161,990.49	375,953.92
North Dakota	141,099.00	199,022.07	340,121.07
Ohio	496,486.24	871,644.53	1,368,130.77
Oklahoma	476,747.91	616,524.01	1,093,271.92
Oregon	70,695.61	36,794.48	107,490.09
Pennsylvania	713,189.52	1,912,549.14	2,625,738.66
Rhode Island	45,251.99	77,653.78	122,905.77
South Carolina	185,615.46	260,082.83	445,698.29
South Dakota	148,893.25	231,630.58	380,523.83
Texas	222,679.36	285,333.70	508,013.06
Tennessee	475,530.38	438,629.43	914,159.81
Utah	95,188.26	45,837.33	141,025.59
Vermont	26,351.20	13,003.97	39,355.17
Virginia	202,847.20	192,342.18	395,189.38
Washington	132,097.02	138,427.34	270,524.36
West Virginia	138,571.77	283,337.52	421,909.29
Wisconsin	250,485.77	455,213.38	705,699.15
Wyoming	24,533.40	25,338.52	49,871.92
District of Columbia	765.00	765.00	1,530.00
Hawaii	41,031.42	55,263.84	96,295.26
Total	10,230,526.31	16,421,799.45	26,672,325.76

TABLE V.—Recapitulation of status of N. Y. A. funds 1935 and 1936 Emergency Relief Acts, Dec. 31, 1936

	Allocations	Obligations
Total N. Y. A. student aid, 1935 act	\$25,106,268	\$24,052,099.85
Total N. Y. A. works program, 1935 act	17,300,000	15,245,162.71
Grand total	42,306,268	39,297,262.56
Total N. Y. A. student aid, 1936 act	12,900,000	10,250,526.31
Total N. Y. A. works program, 1936 act	30,601,239	16,421,799.45
Grand total	33,501,239	26,672,325.76

TABLE VI.—National office expense, January 1937

	Number employees	Total expense
N. Y. A. administrative	21	\$7,174.92
N. Y. A. field representatives	9	2,995.99
N. Y. A. clerical	37	4,746.66
Federal Committee on Apprentice Training	12	3,271.65
Educational camps for unemployed women	7	1,535.32
Total	86	19,745.54

TABLE VII.—Administrative budget to States, January 1937

States	Supervisory salaries	Clerical salaries	Other expenses	Junior placement	Total
Alabama	\$2,026	\$1,325	\$820	\$275	\$4,446
Arizona	950	330	570	1,640	3,490
Arkansas	1,725	478	972	270	3,445
California	4,615	2,800	2,485	1,015	10,915
Colorado	1,922	1,180	1,305	437	4,844
Connecticut	1,818	645	615	720	3,798
Delaware	533	105	100	728	1,366
District of Columbia	600	270	208	150	1,228
Florida	2,340	1,115	1,791	630	5,756
Georgia	2,540	1,560	1,000	510	5,610
Idaho	1,292	460	870	242	2,864
Illinois	5,895	2,835	3,347	925	12,902
Indiana	2,017	1,438	1,565	770	5,800
Iowa	1,050	385	790	1,020	3,245
Kansas	2,217	1,015	1,150	887	5,269
Kentucky	2,869	1,545	1,780	375	6,569
Louisiana	1,840	1,180	980	375	4,375
Maine	1,102	608	675	283	2,668
Maryland	1,810	300	723	303	3,136
Massachusetts	3,192	1,625	798	972	6,587
Michigan	2,323	2,500	1,670	850	7,343
Minnesota	1,960	815	1,410	415	4,600
Mississippi	1,838	1,023	1,755	461	5,077
Missouri	2,960	1,025	2,200	585	6,770
Montana	1,400	375	1,000	275	3,050
Nebraska	1,500	820	910	300	3,530
Nevada	347	85	45	100	577
New Hampshire	950	480	510	1,940	3,880
New Jersey	2,317	735	900	3,970	7,922
New Mexico	1,284	400	970	150	2,804
New York City	5,983	2,275	2,805	965	11,928
New York State	1,842	2,450	1,150	1,250	6,692
North Carolina	2,317	1,280	1,385	880	5,862
North Dakota	1,325	110	380	215	2,030
Ohio	2,082	2,900	1,945	712	7,639
Oklahoma	3,235	1,455	945	135	6,770
Oregon	1,182	845	889	230	3,146
Pennsylvania	6,442	3,250	3,210	12,902	26,804
Rhode Island	1,115	630	515	150	2,410
South Carolina	1,885	670	975	320	3,850
South Dakota	1,667	605	1,600	672	4,544
Tennessee	2,227	1,250	1,875	432	5,784
Texas	4,192	1,107	3,823	960	10,072
Utah	1,108	290	320	1,828	3,546
Virginia	2,055	1,200	992	420	4,667
Washington	1,075	510	702	1,023	3,300
West Virginia	2,000	980	1,340	545	4,865
Wisconsin	2,667	1,200	1,340	545	5,752
Wyoming	720	225	600	200	1,745
Hawaii	300	—	—	—	300
Total	104,356	61,932	62,841	12,394	233,523

TABLE VIII—*Employment and earnings on student-aid projects operated by the National Youth Administration, by States, September 1935*

Line no.	State	Total				School			College			Graduate school		
		Number of schools	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
1	United States.....	4,119	\$21,210	34,624	\$6.33	\$141,489	26,103	\$5.41	\$79,286	8,700	\$9.11	\$453	61	\$7.13
2	Alabama.....	18	362	64	5.66	101	42	2.41	261	22	11.86			
3	Arizona.....	4	528	117	4.51	222	137	4.72	814	81	9.58			
4	Arkansas.....	4	1,040	105	8.65	67	5	5.52	940	105	8.85			
5	California.....	107	9,027	1,867	5.97	9,487	1,026	5.72	17,171	28	6.11			
6	Colorado.....	1	1,867	5	5.97	2	2	3.30	171	28	6.11			
7	Connecticut.....	1	1,867	5	5.97	2	2	3.30	171	28	6.11			
8	Dakota.....	1	1,867	5	5.97	2	2	3.30	171	28	6.11			
9	Delaware.....	1	1,867	5	5.97	2	2	3.30	171	28	6.11			
10	District of Columbia.....	37	3,055	521	5.85	3,055	521	5.85	1,614	147	10.95			
11	Florida.....	188	8,970	1,617	5.55	7,306	1,770	5.59	9,665	171	8.22			
12	Georgia.....	14	1,617	521	5.85	7,306	1,770	5.59	9,665	171	8.22			
13	Idaho.....	40	20,325	3,860	6.98	19,380	3,285	5.89	14,511	344	13.24			
14	Illinois.....	411	40,026	2,969	6.92	2,184	430	5.00	14,511	344	13.24			
15	Indiana.....	40	15,026	2,969	6.92	2,184	430	5.00	14,511	344	13.24			
16	Iowa.....	470	10,443	3,331	5.17	11,047	2,066	4.14	5,396	515	10.48			
17	Kansas.....	470	10,443	3,331	5.17	11,047	2,066	4.14	5,396	515	10.48			
18	Kentucky.....	70	6,435	1,070	5.00	5,435	1,070	6.00						
19	Louisiana.....	1	90	6	15.00				466	65	7.17			
20	Maine.....	3	90	6	15.00				466	65	7.17			
21	Maryland.....	1	1,425	150	9.50	1,336	151	1.17	1,425	150	9.50			
22	Michigan.....	117	17,522	2,522	7.23	8,783	1,529	5.75	7,799	763	10.22			
23	Minnesota.....	179	5,052	1,138	6.00	2,513	550	4.62	6,476	470	12.51			
24	Mississippi.....	116	13,865	1,815	5.25	3,865	1,742	5.25	5,411	470	12.51			
25	Missouri.....	116	13,865	1,815	5.25	3,865	1,742	5.25	5,411	470	12.51			
26	Montana.....	74	1,972	352	2.69	1,885	281	4.93	735	92	7.97			
27	Nebraska.....	74	1,972	352	2.69	1,885	281	4.93	735	92	7.97			
28	Nevada.....	2	11	2	5.50	11	2	5.50	5	9	15.00			
29	New Hampshire.....	2	11	2	5.50	11	2	5.50	5	9	15.00			
30	New Jersey.....	2	461	89	6.98	486	89	5.46						
31	New Mexico.....	17	388	49	7.92									
32	New York.....	32	388	49	7.92									
33	New York City (exclusive of North and Westchester counties).....	14	1,256	146	8.60	418	70	5.07	838	70	11.92			
34	North Carolina.....	8	844	265	15.01	688	130	5.27	3,416	283	12.07			
35	North Dakota.....	26	9,512	345	14.74	24	4	6.00	3,588	241	14.89			

37	Oklahoma	226	11,524	1,508	6.54	5,952	1,149	4.10	5,952	659	9.05
38	Oregon	36	5,270	774	6.72	4,105	605	5.02	1,405	51	13.04
39	Rhode Island	43	3,835	724	5.23	3,385	491	4.91	1,505	54	10.25
40	Rhode Island	140	15,013	2,078	8.63	11,079	1,812	5.12	1,812	151	11.26
41	South Dakota	258	12,013	2,967	7.29	8,033	1,317	3.75	2,088	111	20.81
42	South Dakota	110	4,068	562	7.29	2,201	353	4.97	1,600	102	9.86
43	South Dakota	130	4,068	562	7.29	2,201	353	4.97	1,600	102	9.86
44	Tennessee	13	1,622	111	6.04	1,155	161	5.04	1,155	56	2.07
45	Vermont	5	1,622	111	6.04	1,155	161	5.04	1,155	56	2.07
46	Virginia	34	5,995	288	6.04	4,651	651	5.01	945	64	14.77
47	Virginia	34	5,995	288	6.04	4,651	651	5.01	945	64	14.77
48	West Virginia	102	15,745	2,185	6.04	11,555	1,989	5.43	2,222	200	12.11
49	West Virginia	102	15,745	2,185	6.04	11,555	1,989	5.43	2,222	200	12.11
50	Wyoming	48	946	946	5.41	946	1,175	5.41	946	51	15.51

TABLE IX.—Employment and earnings on student-aid projects operated by the National Youth Administration, by States, January 1959

Line no.	State	Number of schools	Total		School		College		Graduate school		Line no.				
			Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons		Average monthly earnings			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
1	United States.....	15,398	\$2,144,451	395,399	\$7.86	\$692,919	108,545	\$4.26	\$1,329,457	112,696	\$11.82	\$89,865	4,805	\$18.70	1
2	Alabama.....	599	4,752	39,483	8.31	13,452	2,854	5.21	25,790	1,875	12.09	530	13	19.31	2
3	Alaska.....	472	30,585	5,048	6.62	18,984	4,129	4.10	11,414	1,272	10.55	130	10	18.67	3
4	Arizona.....	2,699	26,983	4,137	7.75	13,697	2,644	5.18	13,418	1,458	12.68	766	35	21.89	4
5	California.....	2,699	26,983	4,137	7.75	13,697	2,644	5.18	13,418	1,458	12.68	766	35	21.89	5
6	Colorado.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	6
7	Connecticut.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	7
8	Delaware.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	8
9	District of Columbia.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	9
10	Florida.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	10
11	Georgia.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	11
12	Idaho.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	12
13	Illinois.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	13
14	Indiana.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	14
15	Iowa.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	15
16	Kansas.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	16
17	Kentucky.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	17
18	Maine.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	18
19	Maryland.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	19
20	Massachusetts.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	20
21	Michigan.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	21
22	Minnesota.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	22
23	Mississippi.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	23
24	Missouri.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	24
25	Montana.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	25
26	Nebraska.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	26
27	Nevada.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	27
28	New Hampshire.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	28
29	New Jersey.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	29
30	New Mexico.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	30
31	New York City.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	31
32	New York City (outside of New York City).....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	32
33	North Carolina.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	33
34	North Dakota.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	34
35	Ohio.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	35
36	Oklahoma.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	36
37	Oklahoma.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	37
38	Oklahoma.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	38
39	Oklahoma.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	39
40	Oklahoma.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	40
41	Oklahoma.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	41
42	Oklahoma.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	42
43	Oklahoma.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	43
44	Oklahoma.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	44
45	Oklahoma.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	45
46	Oklahoma.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	46
47	Oklahoma.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	47
48	Oklahoma.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	48
49	Oklahoma.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	49
50	Oklahoma.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	50
51	Oklahoma.....	311	2,619	9,135	7.03	9,135	1,759	5.17	1,757	1,225	11.81	220	20	18.15	51

TABLE X.—Employment and earnings on student aid projects operated by the National Youth Administration, by States, April 1936

Line no.	State	Number of schools	Total			School			College			Graduate school			Line no.
			Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
1	United States.....	19,816	\$3,188,130	404,721	\$7.88	\$1,501,007	275,337	\$5.45	\$1,557,144	126,075	\$12.09	\$29,385	6,719	\$19.25	1
2	Alabama.....	454	45,148	5,499	5.26	29,270	3,554	5.70	24,598	1,901	12.94	280	14	20.00	2
3	Arizona.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	3
4	California.....	269	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	4
5	Florida.....	382	40,222	4,822	5.16	25,000	3,000	5.00	20,000	2,000	10.00	400	20	20.00	5
6	Georgia.....	168	16,800	2,000	8.40	10,000	1,200	8.33	9,000	1,000	9.00	200	10	18.00	6
7	Illinois.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	7
8	Indiana.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	8
9	Iowa.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	9
10	Kentucky.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	10
11	Michigan.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	11
12	Minnesota.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	12
13	Missouri.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	13
14	Nebraska.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	14
15	New Hampshire.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	15
16	New Jersey.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	16
17	New York City.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	17
18	New York State.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	18
19	North Carolina.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	19
20	Ohio.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	20
21	Oregon.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	21
22	Rhode Island.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	22
23	South Carolina.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	23
24	Tennessee.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	24
25	Texas.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	25
26	Vermont.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	26
27	Washington.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	27
28	West Virginia.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	28
29	Wyoming.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	29

37	Oklahoma.....	941	101,483	14,301	7.10	57,465	10,793	5.33	43,170	3,459	12.40	842	52	16.19	37
38	Oregon.....	230	25,755	3,280	7.96	15,000	1,778	4.65	13,500	1,471	11.42	600	28	21.43	38
39	Rhode Island.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	39
40	South Carolina.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	40
41	Tennessee.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	41
42	Texas.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	42
43	Vermont.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	43
44	Washington.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	44
45	West Virginia.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	45
46	Wyoming.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	46
47	.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	47
48	.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	48
49	.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	49
50	.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	50
51	.....	1,000	100,410	12,000	8.35	75,000	9,000	8.33	67,500	7,500	12.50	1,500	75	16.67	51

TABLE XI.—Employment and earnings on student aid projects and work projects operated by the National Youth Administration, by States¹
November 1936

Line no.	State	Number of schools	Total			School			College			Line no.
			Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
1	Grand total.....	26,019	\$2,796,165	350,548	\$7.89	\$1,080,240	223,197	\$4.84	\$1,671,723	127,712	\$12.81	1
2	Continental United States.....	2,788,226	350,548	7.89	1,079,731	222,947	4.84	1,671,723	127,712	12.81	2	
3	Alabama.....	631	41,213	5,443	7.37	15,649	3,445	4.50	26,380	1,994	12.79	3
4	Arizona.....	599	42,698	8,079	6.27	28,378	6,367	3.66	19,220	1,662	11.77	4
5	Arkansas.....	326	38,551	9,229	7.56	19,363	7,717	2.91	19,188	1,477	13.25	5
6	California.....	522	3,093	823	8.48	7,969	1,393	4.96	2,111	344	16.70	6
7	Colorado.....	469	13,949	1,052	12.40	2,010	3,065	5.09	8,946	1,682	15.37	7
8	Connecticut.....	697	71,458	10,547	6.78	27,755	7,007	3.96	44,697	3,414	11.62	8
9	District of Columbia.....	709	175,539	26,146	6.41	61,608	12,066	4.98	113,931	7,648	12.23	9
10	Florida.....	654	70,326	9,917	7.31	26,127	5,979	4.37	44,199	3,526	11.90	10
11	Georgia.....	723	84,665	15,063	6.22	33,699	9,169	4.71	50,966	3,851	12.45	11
12	Idaho.....	427	58,210	4,395	8.69	10,701	2,055	3.20	47,509	2,323	11.43	12
13	Illinois.....	1,049	138,276	1,395	9.73	2,956	1,693	4.06	10,243	1,765	13.39	13
14	Indiana.....	1,049	138,276	1,395	9.73	2,956	1,693	4.06	10,243	1,765	13.39	14
15	Iowa.....	834	81,271	9,581	8.46	28,874	5,703	3.24	52,400	3,475	13.61	15
16	Kansas.....	525	105,565	10,074	8.63	25,071	6,198	4.70	80,494	5,022	12.93	16
17	Kentucky.....	756	131,514	13,237	8.69	12,984	3,229	4.02	118,530	2,028	15.14	17
18	Louisiana.....	427	38,210	4,395	8.69	10,701	2,055	3.20	26,504	2,326	11.45	18
19	Maine.....	165	29,699	3,899	8.69	10,701	2,055	3.20	19,220	1,662	11.45	19
20	Maryland.....	257	65,841	7,619	7.74	31,998	5,976	4.02	33,843	1,647	12.84	20
21	Massachusetts.....	227	12,278	7,906	6.84	6,068	1,352	5.18	12,907	1,022	12.84	21
22	Michigan.....	208	171,112	17,022	9.71	45,330	9,572	4.62	125,782	7,118	14.15	22
23	Minnesota.....	227	4,345	228	8.84	13,797	1,314	4.03	4,565	250	12.61	23
24	Mississippi.....	525	89,883	10,074	8.03	26,071	6,198	4.70	59,817	4,920	12.01	24
25	Missouri.....	834	125,693	13,316	8.40	40,437	8,610	4.70	85,254	4,920	13.60	25
26	Montana.....	27	2,402	328	8.84	13,797	1,314	4.03	2,590	207	12.61	26
27	Nebraska.....	449	47,405	6,795	8.25	15,819	2,301	4.29	32,586	2,497	12.01	27
28	Nevada.....	27	2,402	328	8.84	13,797	1,314	4.03	2,590	207	12.61	28
29	New Hampshire.....	227	4,345	228	8.84	13,797	1,314	4.03	4,565	250	12.61	29
30	New Jersey.....	227	4,345	228	8.84	13,797	1,314	4.03	4,565	250	12.61	30
31	New Mexico.....	227	4,345	228	8.84	13,797	1,314	4.03	4,565	250	12.61	31
32	New York.....	227	4,345	228	8.84	13,797	1,314	4.03	4,565	250	12.61	32
33	New York City.....	227	4,345	228	8.84	13,797	1,314	4.03	4,565	250	12.61	33

Line no.	State	Number of schools	Total			School			College			Line no.
			Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
23	Minnesota.....	745	101,879	12,017	8.48	35,778	5,922	5.17	66,101	4,949	12.68	23
24	Mississippi.....	442	37,659	5,860	6.69	15,948	4,197	4.75	21,711	1,425	12.26	24
25	Missouri.....	1,067	138,074	18,337	9.24	51,247	13,633	4.75	86,827	5,472	13.48	25
26	Montana.....	101	28,043	2,604	8.26	6,942	1,416	4.27	21,101	1,475	12.05	26
27	Nebraska.....	101	28,043	2,604	8.26	6,942	1,416	4.27	21,101	1,475	12.05	27
28	Nevada.....	87	13,289	2,431	6.62	4,070	721	5.64	8,199	623	12.15	28
29	New Hampshire.....	352	47,506	7,297	6.48	28,841	5,197	5.70	18,665	1,189	12.33	29
30	New Jersey.....	586	71,900	9,739	7.38	30,101	10,713	4.46	41,800	2,896	13.26	30
31	New Mexico.....	101	28,043	2,604	8.26	6,942	1,416	4.27	21,101	1,475	12.05	31
32	New York.....	1,101	26,797	3,774	7.10	8,414	1,896	4.31	18,383	1,495	13.59	32
33	North Carolina.....	280	5,197	5,015	8.47	15,780	3,061	5.26	36,599	2,632	11.85	33
34	North Dakota.....	270	48,189	5,790	8.22	15,941	3,551	4.49	32,248	2,100	14.10	34
35	Ohio.....	539	86,762	10,113	7.63	31,407	6,841	4.77	55,355	3,496	12.53	35
36	Oklahoma.....	28	6,527	210	4.43	2,629	210	4.12	4,243	392	10.83	36
37	Oregon.....	745	101,879	12,017	8.48	35,778	5,922	5.17	66,101	4,949	12.68	37
38	Rhode Island.....	442	37,659	5,860	6.69	15,948	4,197	4.75	21,711	1,425	12.26	38
39	South Carolina.....	1,067	138,074	18,337	9.24	51,247	13,633	4.75	86,827	5,472	13.48	39
40	South Dakota.....	101	28,043	2,604	8.26	6,942	1,416	4.27	21,101	1,475	12.05	40
41	Tennessee.....	87	13,289	2,431	6.62	4,070	721	5.64	8,199	623	12.15	41
42	Texas.....	352	47,506	7,297	6.48	28,841	5,197	5.70	18,665	1,189	12.33	42
43	Vermont.....	586	71,900	9,739	7.38	30,101	10,713	4.46	41,800	2,896	13.26	43
44	Virginia.....	1,101	26,797	3,774	7.10	8,414	1,896	4.31	18,383	1,495	13.59	44
45	Washington.....	280	5,197	5,015	8.47	15,780	3,061	5.26	36,599	2,632	11.85	45
46	West Virginia.....	270	48,189	5,790	8.22	15,941	3,551	4.49	32,248	2,100	14.10	46
47	Wisconsin.....	539	86,762	10,113	7.63	31,407	6,841	4.77	55,355	3,496	12.53	47
48	Wyoming.....	28	6,527	210	4.43	2,629	210	4.12	4,243	392	10.83	48
49	New York State (exclusive of New York City).....	28	6,527	210	4.43	2,629	210	4.12	4,243	392	10.83	49

¹ Revised data as of Jan. 8, 1937.

TABLE XI.—Employment and earnings on student aid projects and work projects operated by the National Youth Administration, by States 1

November 1936—Continued

Line no.	State	Student aid—Continued				Total				Work projects				Line no.
		Graduate school				Total				Adults				
		Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings		Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings		Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings		
(1)	(1)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)
1	Grand total Continental United States	114,102	4,719	\$24.20	\$2,900,441	107,289	\$17.46	\$302,654	5,021	\$78.63	\$2,507,787	102,218	\$15.46	1
2		114,102	4,719	24.20	2,900,441	107,289	17.46	302,654	5,021	78.63	2,507,787	102,218	15.46	2
3	Alabama	348	14	24.86	49,187	4,184	11.76	3,326	45	73.94	45,629	4,129	11.08	3
4	Arizona	1,126	7	18.00	7,710	4,857	15.91	8,820	114	58.57	6,929	4,473	14.05	4
5	Arkansas	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	5
6	California	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	6
7	Colorado	642	207	21.60	29,540	1,059	17.60	3,396	28	121.29	25,162	1,028	15.82	7
8	Connecticut	4,471	35	18.34	29,540	1,059	17.60	3,396	28	121.29	25,162	1,028	15.82	8
9	Delaware	2,093	75	27.91	6,786	2,333	20.26	966	9	107.33	5,820	2,299	17.85	9
10	District of Columbia	3,010	126	23.94	24,441	4,399	12.81	1,089	84	64.39	47,532	4,285	11.10	10
11	Florida	13,276	417	31.64	8,706	3,077	28.70	28,170	287	105.66	11,644	7,945	13.28	11
12	Georgia	8,016	126	23.94	54,641	4,338	15.45	13,864	226	61.05	54,135	4,141	13.15	12
13	Idaho	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	13
14	Illinois	2,280	110	20.71	91,056	3,408	17.62	5,705	74	91.42	84,351	4,184	13.75	14
15	Indiana	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	15
16	Iowa	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	16
17	Kentucky	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	17
18	Louisiana	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	18
19	Maine	2,777	4	19.25	13,053	649	20.04	3,894	37	68.32	9,169	592	13.89	19
20	Massachusetts	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	20
21	Michigan	2,777	4	19.25	13,053	649	20.04	3,894	37	68.32	9,169	592	13.89	21
22	Minnesota	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	22
23	Mississippi	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	23
24	Missouri	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	24
25	Montana	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	25
26	Nebraska	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	26
27	Nevada	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	27
28	New Hampshire	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	28
29	New Jersey	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	29
30	New Mexico	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	30
31	New York	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	31
32	New York City	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	32

NATIONAL YOUTH ADMINISTRATION

NATIONAL YOUTH ADMINISTRATION

Line no.	State	Student aid—Continued				Total				Work projects				Line no.	
		Graduate school				Total				Adults					
		Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings		Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings		Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings			
(1)	(1)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	
33	New York City (exclusive of New York City)	24,842	922	26.94	184,539	8,459	26.77	18,600	173	103.83	166,059	8,301	26.05	33	
34	New York State	2,349	146	22.94	173,231	8,459	26.77	20,600	159	103.83	152,571	8,203	25.81	34	
35	North Carolina	1,391	83	25.68	37,200	2,669	13.96	5,303	95	66.35	31,897	2,574	12.08	35	
36	North Dakota	239	8	29.88	38,288	2,412	18.57	3,562	310	89.87	34,876	2,172	11.53	36	
37	Oklahoma	6,697	228	24.89	107,774	8,742	12.31	11,669	315	43.33	94,135	8,430	11.15	37	
38	Oregon	4,230	13	22.66	28,994	13,515	22.07	46,414	429	94.21	20,574	13,088	16.70	38	
39	Rhode Island	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	39	
40	South Carolina	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	40	
41	South Dakota	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	41	
42	Tennessee	3,424	132	26.34	82,013	4,295	15.94	7,724	84	92.07	74,289	4,205	13.89	42	
43	Texas	2,044	12	17.00	7,336	3,465	13.13	1,095	21	49.33	5,240	3,004	11.20	43	
44	Utah	2,044	12	17.00	7,336	3,465	13.13	1,095	21	49.33	5,240	3,004	11.20	44	
45	Virginia	1,033	45	23.05	37,588	2,631	14.32	5,607	77	73.60	32,021	2,554	12.54	45	
46	Washington	1,356	33	25.00	27,455	3,417	18.38	11,779	125	94.18	16,783	3,029	11.60	46	
47	West Virginia	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	47	
48	Wisconsin	8,571	268	21.60	90,570	4,458	28.32	12,379	131	96.02	77,997	4,327	15.00	48	
49	Wyoming	1,114	1	14.14	44,182	3,181	13.59	18,264	100	77.06	35,018	3,079	11.08	49	
50														50	
51														51	
52														52	
53	Hawaii													53	

1 Revised data as of Jan. 1, 1937.

TABLE XII.—Employment and earnings on student-aid projects operated by the National Youth Administration, by States,
December 1936
[Subject to revision]

Line no.	State	Number of persons	Total			School			College			Line no.
			Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
1	United States (including Hawaii).....	22,313	81,262,341	388,497	\$7.88	250,369	250,369	\$4.83	1,038,340	131,289	\$12.40	1
2	Continental United States.....	22,313	81,262,341	388,497	7.88	250,369	250,369	4.83	1,038,340	131,289	12.40	2
3	Alabama.....	692	48,271	5,695	7.50	18,839	3,087	4.57	28,073	1,664	13.08	3
4	Arizona.....	78	13,432	1,770	7.60	8,098	1,068	4.71	8,179	1,079	12.05	4
5	California.....	427	126,046	15,885	7.34	41,249	8,844	4.65	75,270	7,562	11.69	5
6	Colorado.....	351	39,450	5,322	7.40	19,775	3,958	4.25	19,013	1,837	11.23	6
7	Connecticut.....	134	2,050	2,841	6.04	1,052	1,186	5.57	1,987	145	16.07	7
8	Delaware.....	488	22,232	4,300	7.07	17,685	3,125	5.47	15,087	1,671	14.60	8
9	District of Columbia.....	123	67,182	10,931	6.34	7,460	3,443	4.99	3,443	3,523	11.86	9
10	Florida.....	824	67,182	10,931	6.34	7,460	1,494	4.99	3,443	3,523	11.86	10
11	Georgia.....	176	38,725	5,181	6.12	17,642	13,490	5.15	102,838	7,947	12.94	11
12	Illinois.....	778	68,415	7,901	8.05	11,759	8,367	4.50	45,516	3,765	12.17	12
13	Iowa.....	445	38,840	4,691	8.57	11,356	8,458	4.50	45,516	3,765	12.17	13
14	Kansas.....	322	78,042	12,023	6.70	23,775	6,458	5.31	31,188	2,723	11.83	14
15	Louisiana.....	176	28,323	3,438	8.55	8,591	2,384	4.89	26,682	1,587	11.67	15
16	Maine.....	717	118,910	10,349	7.89	30,552	2,462	5.34	30,552	2,462	11.92	16
17	Maryland.....	884	88,717	10,431	7.89	30,552	1,756	4.89	18,473	1,586	11.65	17
18	Massachusetts.....	717	118,910	10,431	7.89	30,552	3,223	5.22	59,331	4,451	13.05	18
19	Michigan.....	884	88,717	10,431	7.89	30,552	2,049	4.89	26,682	1,586	11.67	19
20	Minnesota.....	794	32,465	6,450	6.93	13,753	3,837	4.64	18,897	2,964	12.61	20
21	Mississippi.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,096	4.70	12,096	4,559	13.02	21
22	Missouri.....	426	48,009	3,193	7.43	15,052	8,940	4.75	38,658	2,897	12.79	22
23	Montana.....	133	3,374	1,274	8.05	994	7,762	4.75	38,658	2,897	12.79	23
24	New Hampshire.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	24
25	New Jersey.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	25
26	New Mexico.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	26
27	New York.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	27
28	North Carolina.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	28
29	North Dakota.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	29
30	Ohio.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	30
31	Oklahoma.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	31
32	Oregon.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	32
33	Pennsylvania.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	33
34	Rhode Island.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	34
35	South Carolina.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	35
36	South Dakota.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	36
37	Tennessee.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	37
38	Texas.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	38
39	Vermont.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	39
40	Virginia.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	40
41	Washington.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	41
42	West Virginia.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	42
43	Wisconsin.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	43
44	Wyoming.....	254	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	3,860	4.70	4,712	2,960	10.58	44

31	New York City.....	535	174,367	11,736	9.98	55,818	9,879	97,675	6,550	14.36	31
32	New York State.....	538	174,367	11,736	9.98	55,818	9,879	97,675	6,550	14.36	32
33	North Carolina.....	169	64,067	8,004	7.95	20,419	3,229	34,646	2,014	12.41	33
34	Ohio.....	1,087	135,834	18,771	8.18	69,531	12,385	117,540	14,114	13.40	34
35	Oklahoma.....	198	28,895	2,692	8.00	4,168	1,438	68,198	3,358	13.40	35
36	Pennsylvania.....	990	135,024	20,441	7.42	94,764	16,399	17,379	1,453	14.88	36
37	Rhode Island.....	662	53,891	8,009	6.22	26,231	5,220	5,220	5,887	13.05	37
38	South Carolina.....	274	70,022	9,096	7.36	20,702	4,111	37,692	2,857	13.05	38
39	Texas.....	1,050	131,445	18,745	8.21	58,135	11,621	4,468	15,814	15.94	39
40	Vermont.....	35	7,803	810	6.37	2,135	5,011	9,894	7,033	13.02	40
41	Virginia.....	35	7,803	810	6.37	2,135	5,011	9,894	7,033	13.02	41
42	Washington.....	250	46,045	5,050	7.73	16,197	3,229	26,953	2,188	13.23	42
43	West Virginia.....	88	54,594	7,017	7.64	23,396	4,778	18,668	1,812	12.65	43
44	Wyoming.....	88	54,594	7,017	7.64	23,396	4,778	18,668	1,812	12.65	44
45	Hawaii.....	88	54,594	7,017	7.64	23,396	4,778	18,668	1,812	12.65	45
46	.....	81	6,305	982	6.77	3,389	5,211	4,585	3,385	10.02	46
47	.....	81	6,305	982	6.77	3,389	5,211	4,585	3,385	10.02	47
48	.....	81	6,305	982	6.77	3,389	5,211	4,585	3,385	10.02	48
49	.....	81	6,305	982	6.77	3,389	5,211	4,585	3,385	10.02	49
50	.....	81	6,305	982	6.77	3,389	5,211	4,585	3,385	10.02	50
51	.....	81	6,305	982	6.77	3,389	5,211	4,585	3,385	10.02	51
52	.....	81	6,305	982	6.77	3,389	5,211	4,585	3,385	10.02	52
53	.....	81	6,305	982	6.77	3,389	5,211	4,585	3,385	10.02	53

TABLE XII.—Employment and earnings on student-aid projects and work projects operated by the National Youth Administration, by States, December 1939—Continued
[Subject to revision]

Line no.	State	Student aid—Continued					Work projects					Line no.		
		Graduate school					Total	Affili			Youths			
		Earnings (12)	Persons (13)	Average monthly earnings (14)	Earnings (15)	Persons (16)		Average monthly earnings (17)	Earnings (18)	Persons (19)	Average monthly earnings (20)		Earnings (21)	Persons (22)	Average monthly earnings (23)
1	United States (including District of Columbia)	\$119,943	5,012	\$23.75	\$3,021,431	173,672	\$17.40	\$418,881	5,328	\$75.62	\$2,902,550	168,344	\$15.46	1
2	Continental United States—													2
3	Alabama	348	14	24.88	50,924	4,075	12.90	3,760	52	72.31	47,164	4,023	11.72	3
4	Arizona	158	8	19.38	44,118	3,495	16.83	9,898	12	74.83	45,255	3,413	15.15	4
5	Arkansas	115	5	22.80	30,844	2,405	22.62	14,463	100	100.58	58,431	4,202	21.28	5
6	California	4,130	249	16.99	103,624	4,352	22.62	14,463	100	100.58	58,431	4,202	21.28	6
7	Colorado	1,000	41	24.39	26,155	1,222	20.94	5,223	81	64.48	19,952	1,198	17.83	7
8	Connecticut	3,845	175	21.97	25,167	1,222	20.94	5,223	81	64.48	19,952	1,198	17.83	8
9	District of Columbia	5,168	181	28.54	2,444	333	13.95	8,619	6	87.28	1,773	129	13.74	9
10	Florida	1,600	4	18.00	33,243	2,183	15.23	6,343	47	69.11	27,293	2,096	12.99	10
11	Georgia	1,400	4	18.00	33,243	2,183	15.23	6,343	47	69.11	27,293	2,096	12.99	11
12	Idaho	1,400	4	18.00	33,243	2,183	15.23	6,343	47	69.11	27,293	2,096	12.99	12
13	Illinois	2,461	111	22.17	12,052	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	3,093	18.03	13
14	Indiana	2,461	111	22.17	12,052	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	3,093	18.03	14
15	Iowa	2,461	111	22.17	12,052	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	3,093	18.03	15
16	Kentucky	2,461	111	22.17	12,052	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	3,093	18.03	16
17	Louisiana	2,461	111	22.17	12,052	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	3,093	18.03	17
18	Maine	2,461	111	22.17	12,052	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	3,093	18.03	18
19	Maryland	2,299	82	26.99	9,343	5,670	18.31	1,452	19	81.77	107,369	20,275	12.74	19
20	Massachusetts	2,299	82	26.99	9,343	5,670	18.31	1,452	19	81.77	107,369	20,275	12.74	20
21	Michigan	2,299	82	26.99	9,343	5,670	18.31	1,452	19	81.77	107,369	20,275	12.74	21
22	Minnesota	2,299	82	26.99	9,343	5,670	18.31	1,452	19	81.77	107,369	20,275	12.74	22
23	Mississippi	2,299	82	26.99	9,343	5,670	18.31	1,452	19	81.77	107,369	20,275	12.74	23
24	Missouri	2,299	82	26.99	9,343	5,670	18.31	1,452	19	81.77	107,369	20,275	12.74	24
25	Montana	2,299	82	26.99	9,343	5,670	18.31	1,452	19	81.77	107,369	20,275	12.74	25
26	Nebraska	2,299	82	26.99	9,343	5,670	18.31	1,452	19	81.77	107,369	20,275	12.74	26
27	Nevada	2,299	82	26.99	9,343	5,670	18.31	1,452	19	81.77	107,369	20,275	12.74	27
28	New Hampshire	2,299	82	26.99	9,343	5,670	18.31	1,452	19	81.77	107,369	20,275	12.74	28

NATIONAL YOUTH ADMINISTRATION

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U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1937

31	New Jersey	226	9	25.11	110,943	4,926	22.52	15,545	167	93.08	95,398	4,759	20.05
32	New Mexico	26,458	5	13.60	27,072	1,444	18.75	4,129	146	88.76	1,398	1,398	20.41
33	New York	26,458	5	13.60	27,072	1,444	18.75	4,129	146	88.76	1,398	1,398	20.41
34	North Carolina	1,588	35	26.52	39,964	2,613	15.12	20,794	165	106.64	177,652	9,857	18.06
35	Ohio	1,588	35	26.52	39,964	2,613	15.12	20,794	165	106.64	177,652	9,857	18.06
36	Oklahoma	1,588	35	26.52	39,964	2,613	15.12	20,794	165	106.64	177,652	9,857	18.06
37	Oregon	1,588	35	26.52	39,964	2,613	15.12	20,794	165	106.64	177,652	9,857	18.06
38	Pennsylvania	1,588	35	26.52	39,964	2,613	15.12	20,794	165	106.64	177,652	9,857	18.06
39	Rhode Island	1,588	35	26.52	39,964	2,613	15.12	20,794	165	106.64	177,652	9,857	18.06
40	South Carolina	1,588	35	26.52	39,964	2,613	15.12	20,794	165	106.64	177,652	9,857	18.06
41	South Dakota	1,588	35	26.52	39,964	2,613	15.12	20,794	165	106.64	177,652	9,857	18.06
42	Tennessee	1,588	35	26.52	39,964	2,613	15.12	20,794	165	106.64	177,652	9,857	18.06
43	Texas	1,588	35	26.52	39,964	2,613	15.12	20,794	165	106.64	177,652	9,857	18.06
44	Vermont	1,588	35	26.52	39,964	2,613	15.12	20,794	165	106.64	177,652	9,857	18.06
45	Virginia	1,588	35	26.52	39,964	2,613	15.12	20,794	165	106.64	177,652	9,857	18.06
46	Washington	1,588	35	26.52	39,964	2,613	15.12	20,794	165	106.64	177,652	9,857	18.06
47	West Virginia	1,588	35	26.52	39,964	2,613	15.12	20,794	165	106.64	177,652	9,857	18.06
48	Wisconsin	1,588	35	26.52	39,964	2,613	15.12	20,794	165	106.64	177,652	9,857	18.06
49	Wyoming	1,588	35	26.52	39,964	2,613	15.12	20,794	165	106.64	177,652	9,857	18.06
50	Hawaii	1,588	35	26.52	39,964	2,613	15.12	20,794	165	106.64	177,652	9,857	18.06

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